

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Version No: 20151026

Thank you for buying Agile products. Please read this manual carefully before assembling. We recommend that you keep this manual for future reference regarding tuning and maintenance.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This radio controlled helicopter is NOT A TOY! It has some technical requirements, you must pay attention to the flying environment and correct operation. Never fly your radio controlled helicopter over people or near crowds. Teenagers must fly under the guardian's guide. Beginners must fly under the guardian of experienced pilot. **Product Specifications** Length: 1370mm Height: 420mm Width: 200mm Main Rotor Diameter: Ø1560 Main Blade Length: 690-713mm Tail Rotor Diameter: Ø294mm Tail Blade Length: 105-115mm Motor Pinion: 19T Motor KV: 540KV Driving Gear: (19/54)(20/66) Gear Ratio: 19T(9.37:1) Tail Gear Ratio: 4.75:1 Weight(w/o power): 4000g Flying Weight: 5600g Battery: 22.2V 5000mAh x2 ESC: 160-200A Aluminium: 7075-T6 Bearings: japanese One way Bearing: German

1.INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of the Agile 7.2 radio controlled helicopter kit. Agile 7.2 was designed in Europe by Eng. Gaziano Roberto and is proudly manufactured by KDS Model. Our goal was to offer you something different with a minimum of parts, easy maintenance, and outstanding flying performances.

It's time to fly different!...



Enjoy the built and have a great time with you Agile 7.2!

IMPORTANT NOTES

R/C helicopters, including the AGILE 7.2 are not toys. R/C helicopters utilize various high-tech products and technologies to provide superior performance. Improper use of this product can result in serious injury or even death. Please read this manual carefully before using and make sure to be conscious of your own personal safety and the safety of others and your environment when operating all AGILE products. Agile 7.2, KDS Model, their affiliates and authorized distributors are not responsible for personal injuries to the operators and others, and property damages that could occur from the assembly, maintenance or your use/misuse of this product. Always respect the rules provided by your local remote control aircraft organization.

NOTE FOR ASSEMBLY

The following manual provide important instructions to correctly assemble the model. It is structured in a logical way, based on the work done in previous step. If you change the order, it may result in additional or unnecessary steps. So we suggest you to read this user manual very carefully to understand correctly the assembly procedure. Failure to do so may not only downgrade performances but also increase the risk of danger. Apply thread lock as indicated, allow the threadlock to cure before mounting parts. It is recommended to use threadlock on each bolt or screw that are engaged with metal parts.

2.SAFETY NOTES

• LOCATE AN APPROPRIATE LOCATION

R/C helicopters fly at high speed, thus posing a certain degree of potential danger. Choose an appropriate flying site consisting of flat, smooth ground, a clear open field, or a large open room, such as gymnasium or warehouse without obstacles. Do not fly near buildings, high voltage cables, or trees to ensure the safety of yourself, others and your model. Do not play your model in inclement weather, such as rain, wind, snow or darkness.

• OBTAIN THE ASSISTANCE OF AN EXPERIENCED PILOT

Before turning on your model and transmitter, check to make sure no one else is operating on the same frequency. Frequency interference can cause your model, or other models to crash. The guidance provided by an experienced pilot will be invaluable for the assembly, tuning, trimming, and actual first flight(recommend you to practice with computer-based flight simulator).

• ALWAYS BE AWARE OF THE ROTATING BLADES

During the operation of the helicopter, the main rotor will be spinning at a high rate of speed. The blades are capable of inflicting serious bodily injury and damage the environment. Be conscious of your actions, and careful to keep your face, eyes, hands, and loose clothing away from the blades. Always fly the model a safe distance from yourself and others, as well as surrounding objects. Never take your eyes off the model or leave it unattended while it is turned on. Immediately turn off the model and transmitter when you have landed the model.









• PREVENT MOISTURE

R/C models are composed of many precision electrical components. It is critical to keep the model and associated equipment away from moisture and other contaminants. The introduction or exposure to water or moisture in any form can cause the model to malfunction resulting in loss of use, or a crash. Do not operate or expose to rain or moisture.

• KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT

R/C models are made up of various forms of plastic. Plastic is very susceptible to damage or deformation due to extreme heat and cold climate. Make sure not to store the model near any source of heat such as an oven, or heater. It is best to store the model indoors, in a climate-controlled, room temperature environment.

• PROPER OPERATION

Please use the replacement of parts on the manual to ensure the safety of instructors. This product is for R/C model, so do not use for other purpose.

• SAFE OPERATION

Operate this unit within your ability. Do not fly under tired condition or improper operation, which may cause danger.

3.Safety Check Before Flying

Before flying, for safety reasons, make sure that no one else is operating a R/C model on the same frequency as yours. Before flying, please check that the power of your transmitter and your helicopter are sufficient for the flight. Before turning on the transmitter, please check that the throttle stick is in its lowest position, IDLE UP switch must be on OFF position.

When turning off the model, please follow the power on/off procedure. Power ON: turn on the transmitter first, then turn on helicopter power. Power OFF: turn off the helicopter power first and then turn off the transmitter. Improper operating procedure may cause the model to be out of control, so please do make this your habit.

Before operation, check that every movement is smooth and directions are correct. Inspect servos carefully for interferences and broken gears.

Check for missing or loose screws and nuts. See if there is any cracked and/or incomplete assembly of parts.

Check main rotor blades and rotor holders carefully. Broken and premature failures of parts might result in a dangerous situation or crash.

Check all ball links to avoid excess play and replace as needed. Failure to do so will result in poor flight stability. Check that the battery and power plugs are fastened. Vibrations and violent flight might loosen the plugs and so lead to out of

Check for the tension of main drive belt.

4.Tools Required

control.

- -Hex drivers : 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4mm
- -Nut Drivers : 2, 4, 7mm
- -Ball link pliers
- -Diagonal cutting pliers
- -Scissors
- -Metric ruler
- -Soldering iron + solder (for motor and ESC wiring)
- -Pitch gauge (for set up)
- -Swashplate leveller
- -Threadlock blue * (medium)
- -Threadlock red * (high strength)
- -Bearing retainer compound
- -Epoxy A+B Glue
- -Grease
- -Oil
- *Colors may vary depending on your area.























PARTS LIST						
ITEM	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION			
1	1	KA-72-011	MAIN SHAFT BEARING			
			BLOCK			
2	2	KA- 72-089	BEARING 10 x 22 x 6			

Clean surface with alcohol. Apply Loctite Retaining Compound to this area wait 24H at least before flying

Important : Keep this orientation in mind for future assembly Bearings must facing up

PARTS LIST						
ITEM	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION			
1	1	KA-72-035	ESC FRAME			
2	3	KA-72-060	SPACER			
3	6	KA-72-077	Flat Head Screw M2.5 x 6 mm			



PARTS LIST					
ITEM	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		
1	1	KA-72-039	GYRO MOUNT		
2	2	KA-72-060	SPACER		
3	4	KA-72-077	Flat Head Screw M2.5 x 6 mm		

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- 1. Push the motor in the opposite direction of the main shaft as far as you can (by hand).
- 2. Tighten slide screws # 1
- 3. Tighten motor mount locking screws #2
- 4. Rotate the motor several times by hand. Ensure that belt is correctly aligned with the big pulley.
- 5. Tighten counter bearing screws #3
- 6. You can check the belt tension by hand,
 - you just have to push the belt with one of your finger through the round opening on frame # 4. It should be difficult to push motor belt.

Assembling the Main Gear



















Rem: At the Neutral position to get the best resolution $\pm 5^\circ$ of Pitch Nevertheless you may take into account your FBL system recommendations .











Tail Boom Brace Assy



The best solution to mount tail boom brace correctly is to apply some Epoxy as shown. Then, screw them on position on Agile main frames and tail boom clamp. Insert set screws to secure. And let Epoxy drying for at least 24H.





33.PARTS LIST 1

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33.PARTS LIST 2

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33.PARTS LIST 3



HELICOPTER

33.PARTS LIST 4						
Canopy ZERO-AGILE720-01	Thrust bearings KA-72-079	Thrust bearings KA-72-080	Flange bearings KA-72-081			
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4 x Canopy rubber ring 1 x Canopy	2 x Thrust bearings F5-10M	2 x Thrust bearings F10-18M	2 x Flange bearings 02.5x06x2.6mm			
Flange bearings KA-72-082	Flange bearings KA-72-083	Surface bearings KA-72-084	Surface bearings KA-72-085			
2 x Flange bearings Ø8xØ12x3.5mm	2 x Flange bearings 06x015x5mm	2 x Surface bearings 03x07x3mm	2 x Surface bearings 05x010x4mm			
Surface bearings KA-72-086	Surface bearings KA-72-087	Surface bearings KA-72-088	Surface bearings KA-72-089			
2 x Surface bearings 06x013x6mm	2 x Surface bearings 08x016x5mm	2 x Surface bearings 010x019x5mm	2 x Surface bearings Ø10xØ22x6mm			
Surface bearings KA-72-090	Surface bearings KA-72-091	Main Rotor head block Housing KA-72-092	Upper complete Swashplate KA-72-093			
2 x Surface bearings Ø12xØ24x6mm	2 x Surface bearings 030x037x4mm	1 x Main Rotor head block Housing 1 x Socket head screw M4 x 20 1 x Socket head screw M4 x 25	1 x Upper complete Swashplate 2 x linkage rod			
Pitch connecting arm KA-72-094	Metal rear gear 20T KA-72-095	Umbrella gear 20T KA-72-096	The tail shaft gear fixed axle housing KA-72-097			
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2 x Pitch connecting arm 2 x Socket head screw M3X12	1 x Metal rear gear 20T 2 x Set screw M4x4	1 x Umbrella gear 20T 1 x Tail shaft pin M2 x 12	2 x The tail shaft gear fixed axle housing			
Connecting arm Linkage Ball Set KA-72-098	6mm motor pinion 20T KA-72-099	6mm motor pinion 21T KA-77-100	8mm motor pinion 20T KA-77-101			
4 x Connecting arm Linkage Ball Set	4 x Set screw M4 x 4	4 x Set screw M4 x 4	4 x Set screw M4 x 4			
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Agile Helicopter is a Trademark of Flight Research Rc Europe, Proudly made by KDS Model Shenzhen						





34.REGULAR MAINTENANCE

Regular maintenance is required to keep the KDS AGILE 7.2 helicopter in optimal and safe flying condition. The model requires precise configuration of the components and settings to be kept by the owner. Maintain regular maintenance on the model to avoid accidents or loss, and optimum performance.

MAINROTOR CHECKLIST

- 1.Main Rotor Housing: when the main rotor housing is worn or faulty, there will be obvious vibration and poor flight control. Check the main rotor, main shaft, and feathering shaft for wear or deformity. Replace parts as necessary to eliminate imbalance.
- 2.O-Rings:The O-Rings will lose their elasticity over time. This will cause excess play on rotor and cause instability. Replace them as needed.
- 3.Main Rotor Holder: When the helicopter dose not fly or reacts sluggishly, even after checking for proper setting of pitch and throttle, check the following items: Plastic parts, Bearings, Ball bearings, Rotor Blades. Check for excess play or broken parts, or binding or restricted movement. It is important to check for main rotor balance before each flight. Operating the model when out of balance will cause excessive wear and premature failure of parts, possibly resulting in a dangerous situation.
- 4.Control Arm Assembly: Check regularly for cracked, worn, bent or binding control arms and pushrods. Smooth morement of control arms and linkages is required for stable, vibration free flight.
- 5.Swashplate:Check for excess slop in the main ball where the main shaft rides on, and slop or looseness between the plastic and metal surfaces. Swashplate wear will result in poor stability and lack of control during flight. Replace them as necessary.

FUSELAGE/CHASSIS

- 1. Main Shaft Bearing: Normal replacement interval for proper operation is between 60-100 flights. If flying 3D or extreme aerobatics often, inspect the bearing more frequently and shorten the interval as necessary.
- 2.One-way Bearing: One-way bearings have longer lifetimes. Failure is not common. To keep the one-way bearing in good operation, remove it to clean and lubricate after every 50 flights. If the main drive gear is loose, you should replace the one-way bearing.
- 3.Drive Belt: Agile and KDS uses only top quality, stretch-proof belts. It is however, impossible to prevent the belt from stretching or wearing out. Check belt tension regularly, and check for the wear on the teeth. Replace it as necessary.

LINKAGE RODS&CONNECTING PARTS

During assembly, take special care to keep the connecting parts in smooth operation, and avoid excess play or binding. Failure to do so will result in poor flight stability. The linkage rods and ends will break and wear due to normal usage, crashing, and poor maintenance and environment. Check for wear and proper operation regularly, replace them as needed.

TAIL ROTOR SYSTEM

- 1.Tail Rotor Control Set: Check the tail rotor bearing regularly. If there is excess play or gaps, replace it immediately. Avoid any binding or improper contact on the tail components and bearings as this will cause excess wear and heat, potentially melting or deforming the tail system.
- 2.Tail Unit Assembly: Avoid flying in tall grass or weeds. If grass or weed becomes lodged in the tail rotor unit, it will interfere with the operation, and cause the helicopter to lose control. Always check for foreign objects in the tail and clean them off immediately. Avoid using lubricants on the exposed surfaces of the model as it will attract and collect dirt and debris, and cause failure.
- 3.Tail Rotor Housing: Disassemble tail totor housing for cleaning and maintenance after every 50 flights. If the tail does not operate smoothly or shows any signs of stress or wear, please replace immediately.
- 4.Tail Rotor: Check the tail rotor blades regularly for damage, especitly if the helicopter ever strikes the ground while flying, or after hard landings. Damaged tail rotor blades can induce vibration.





... it's time to fly different!!!

